

INGLÉS, GRADO 9, GUÍA 3

HUMAN RIGHTS



Nombre:		Fecha Inicio:	
Nota:		Fecha Fin:	

Human Rights						
01.	Aclara las siguientes palabras, tradúcelas al español y haz 1 oración con cada una.					<div></div>
	1. dignity	2. discrimination	3. equality	4. respect	5. rights	
	6. born	7. children's rights	8. treat	9. healthy	10. care	
	11. against	12. everyone	13. grow	14. bother	15. harm	
02.	Haz el ejercicio 1 de la página 2 de tu libro. Escribe las respuestas en tu cuaderno.					<div></div>
03.	Lee en equipo el texto de la página 2, y después busca 3 derechos humanos que estén dentro de la Declaración Universal. Escríbelos en tu cuaderno.					<div></div>
04.	Haz la lectura de la página 3 del libro, traduce el texto en equipo con tu gemelo. Leer y traducir un enunciado cada uno alternándose.					<div></div>
05.	Haz el ejercicio 1 de la página 4 y escribe las respuestas en tu cuaderno.					<div></div>
06.	Haz el ejercicio 2 de la página 4. Escribe las respuestas en tu cuaderno.					<div></div>
07.	Estudia como pluralizamos los sustantivos. Traduce la tabla en tu cuaderno.					<div></div>
08.	Escribe 3 ejemplos de cada forma de pluralizar sustantivos en inglés.					<div></div>
09.	Haz la actividad 3 de la página 5. Escribe las respuestas en tu cuaderno.					<div></div>
10.	Haz la siguiente sopa de letras.					<div></div>
	<div><div><div>Y E T B Z Q U T P G T L B D A</div><div>I T C M D X S R T L R R J W P</div><div>W G I G U N W E X P E Z U T I</div><div>H B K N I L Y E Q A A T R Q Z</div><div>P L O A G W Q R C D T F G R N</div><div>H Y G T O I I F L Y X P G R F</div><div>I A I R H D D G M J Q F L H Y</div><div>Z H G E F E G Z Y O H Z Z O Y</div><div>E R Q J O M R A H H Z F X A H</div><div>W Q O C P P F U E J N A E M T</div><div>N E A E N O Y R E V E N Q I L</div><div>E R F T Y T P R I G H T S P A</div><div>E S O Z I B I F R I Y F G F E</div><div>T X G B Y K J S I I U C T T H</div><div>X B Y Z U R Q O N Q O R N V V</div></div><div><div>everyone</div><div>dignity</div><div>care</div><div>harm</div><div>born</div><div>rights</div><div>healthy</div><div>bother</div><div>free</div><div>treat</div><div>against</div><div>grow</div></div></div>					
11.	Haz la actividad de la página 7 con tu gemelo. Escribe el proyecto en tu cuaderno.					<div></div>
12.	Ve el siguiente video. 1. https://www.youthforhumanrights.org/ 2. Ve cada uno de los videos de los 30 derechos humanos de esa página.					<div></div>
13.	Estudia la teoría y haz los ejercicios de la lección adjunta. (Lección 65).					<div></div>
14.	Haz el examen de la lección.					<div></div>

flower(s) bus(es) (singular and plural)

A

The plural of a noun is usually -s:

<i>singular</i> (= one)	→	<i>plural</i> (= two or more)
a flower	→	some flowers
a week	→	two weeks
a nice place	→	many nice places
this shop	→	these shops



a flower



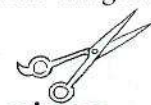
some flowers

Spelling (⇒ Appendix 5):

-s / -sh / -ch / -x	→	-es	bus → buses	dish → dishes
			church → churches	box → boxes
	also		potato → potatoes	tomato → tomatoes
-y	→	-ies	baby → babies	dictionary → dictionaries
			party → parties	
but -ay / -ey / -oy	→	-ys	day → days	monkey → monkeys
				boy → boys
-f / -fe	→	-ves	shelf → shelves	knife → knives
				wife → wives

B

These things are plural in English:



scissors



glasses



trousers



jeans



shorts



tights



pyjamas

- Do you wear **glasses**?
- Where **are** the **scissors**? I need **them**.

You can also say **a pair of scissors** / **a pair of trousers** / **a pair of pyjamas** etc.:

- I need **a new pair of jeans**. or I need **some** new **jeans**. (not 'a new jeans')

C

Some plurals do *not* end in -s:

this man → these men	one foot → two feet	that sheep → those sheep
a woman → some women	a tooth → all my teeth	a fish → a lot of fish
a child → many children	a mouse → some mice	

also: a **person** → two **people** / some **people** / a lot of **people** etc.

- **She's** a nice **person**.

but **They** are nice **people**. (not 'nice persons')

D

People is plural (= they), so we say **people are** / **people have** etc.:

- **A lot of people speak** English. (not 'speaks')
- I like **the people** here. **They are** very friendly.

Police is plural:

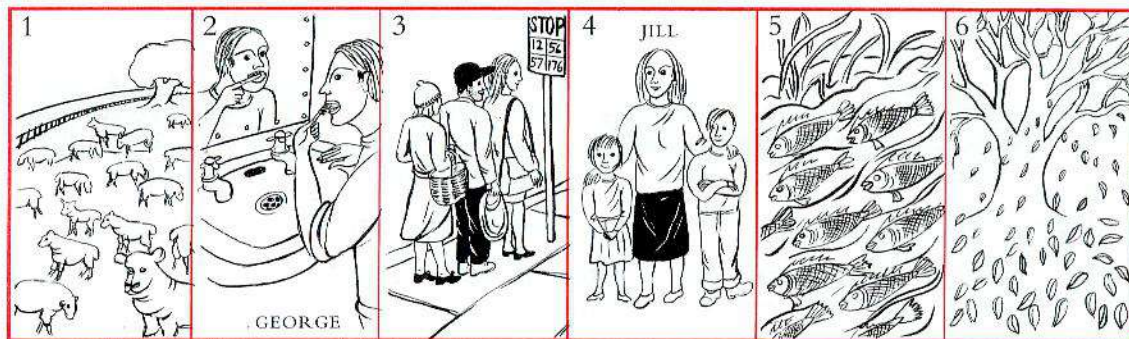
- **'The police are** here.' 'Why? What **do they** want?'

EXERCISES

65.1 Write the plural.

- | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|
| 1 flower | <u>flowers</u> | 5 umbrella | ..... | 9 family | ..... |
| 2 boat | ..... | 6 address | ..... | 10 foot | ..... |
| 3 woman | ..... | 7 knife | ..... | 11 holiday | ..... |
| 4 city | ..... | 8 sandwich | ..... | 12 potato | ..... |

65.2 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences.



- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 There are a lot of <u>sheep</u> in the field. | 4 Jill has got two |
| 2 George is cleaning his | 5 There are a lot of in the river. |
| 3 There are three at the bus stop. | 6 The are falling from the tree. |

65.3 Some of these sentences are right but most are wrong. Correct the sentences that are wrong.

- 1 I'm going to buy some flowers. OK
- 2 I need a new jeans. I need a new pair of jeans. OR I need some new jeans.
- 3 It's a lovely park with a lot of beautiful tree.
- 4 There was a woman in the car with two mens.
- 5 Sheep eat grass.
- 6 David is married and has three childs.
- 7 Most of my friend are student.
- 8 He put on his pyjama and went to bed.
- 9 We went fishing but we didn't catch many fish.
- 10 Do you know many persons in this town?
- 11 I like your trouser. Where did you get it?
- 12 The town centre is usually full of tourist.
- 13 I don't like mice. I'm afraid of them.
- 14 This scissor isn't very sharp.

65.4 Which is right? Complete the sentences.

- | | |
|---|---------------------|
| 1 It's a nice place. Many people <u>go</u> there for a holiday. | (go or goes?) |
| 2 Some people always late. | (is or are?) |
| 3 The president is not popular. The people like him. | (don't or doesn't?) |
| 4 A lot of people television every day. | (watch or watches?) |
| 5 Three people injured in the accident. | (was or were?) |
| 6 How many people in that house? | (live or lives?) |
| 7 the police carry guns in your country? | (Do or Does?) |
| 8 The police looking for the stolen car. | (is or are?) |
| 9 I need my glasses but I can't find | (it or them?) |
| 10 I'm going to buy new jeans today. | (a or some?) |